## § 123.63

(f) Revision of a State program by a Great Lakes State or Tribe (as defined in 40 CFR 132.2) to conform to section 118 of the CWA and 40 CFR part 132 shall be accomplished pursuant to 40 CFR part 132.

[48 FR 14178, Apr. 1, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 31842, Aug. 8, 1984; 50 FR 6941, Feb. 19, 1985; 53 FR 33007, Sept. 6, 1988; 58 FR 67983, Dec. 22, 1993; 60 FR 15386, Mar. 23, 1995]

## §123.63 Criteria for withdrawal of State programs.

- (a) The Administrator may withdraw program approval when a State program no longer complies with the requirements of this part, and the State fails to take corrective action. Such circumstances include the following:
- (1) Where the State's legal authority no longer meets the requirements of this part, including:
- (i) Failure of the State to promulgate or enact new authorities when necessary; or
- (ii) Action by a State legislature or court striking down or limiting State authorities.
- (2) Where the operation of the State program fails to comply with the requirements of this part, including:
- (i) Failure to exercise control over activities required to be regulated under this part, including failure to issue permits;
- (ii) Repeated issuance of permits which do not conform to the requirements of this part; or
- (iii) Failure to comply with the public participation requirements of this part.
- (3) Where the State's enforcement program fails to comply with the requirements of this part, including:
- (i) Failure to act on violations of permits or other program requirements;
- (ii) Failure to seek adequate enforcement penalties or to collect administrative fines when imposed; or
- (iii) Failure to inspect and monitor activities subject to regulation.
- (4) Where the State program fails to comply with the terms of the Memorandum of Agreement required under §123.24.
- (5) Where the State fails to develop an adequate regulatory program for developing water quality-based effluent limits in NPDES permits.

- (6) Where a Great Lakes State or Tribe (as defined in 40 CFR 132.2) fails to adequately incorporate the NPDES permitting implementation procedures promulgated by the State, Tribe, or EPA pursuant to 40 CFR part 132 into individual permits.
  - (b) [Reserved]

[48 FR 14178, Apr. 1, 1983; 50 FR 6941, Feb. 19, 1985, as amended at 54 FR 23897, June 2, 1989; 60 FR 15386, Mar. 23, 1995]

## §123.64 Procedures for withdrawal of State programs.

- (a) A State with a program approved under this part may voluntarily transfer program responsibilities required by Federal law to EPA by taking the following actions, or in such other manner as may be agreed upon with the Administrator.
- (1) The State shall give the Administrator 180 days notice of the proposed transfer and shall submit a plan for the orderly transfer of all relevant program information not in the possession of EPA (such as permits, permit files, compliance files, reports, permit applications) which are necessary for EPA to administer the program.
- (2) Within 60 days of receiving the notice and transfer plan, the Administrator shall evaluate the State's transfer plan and shall identify any additional information needed by the Federal government for program administration and/or identify any other deficiencies in the plan.
- (3) At least 30 days before the transfer is to occur the Administrator shall publish notice of the transfer in the FEDERAL REGISTER and in enough of the largest newspapers in the State to provide Statewide coverage, and shall mail notice to all permit holders, permit applicants, other regulated persons and other interested persons on appropriate EPA and State mailing lists.
- (b) The following procedures apply when the Administrator orders the commencement of proceedings to determine whether to withdraw approval of a State program.
- (1) *Order.* The Administrator may order the commencement of withdrawal proceedings on his or her own initiative or in response to a petition